

NTNU & SINTEF

who are we

and

what are we doing

NTNU & SINTEF

NTNU : *Norwegian University of Science and Technology*

SINTEF: *The Foundation for Scientific and Industrial Research at NTNU*



NTNU	4.000
SINTEF	2.000
Students	20.000

- NTNU 3,5 Bill NOK
- SINTEF 1,6 Bill NOK



Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Faculty of Engineering Science and Technology



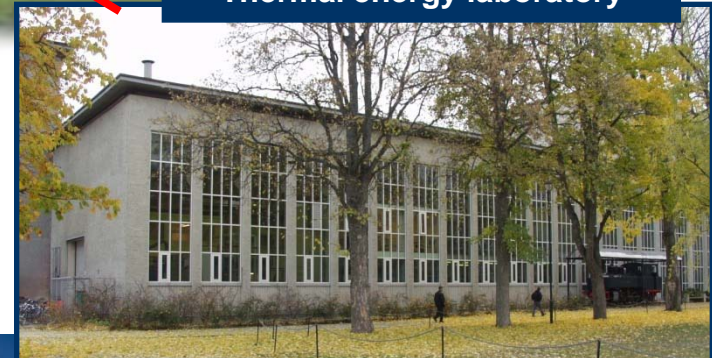
Water power laboratory



Wind tunnel laboratory



Thermal energy laboratory



Department of Energy and Process Engineering

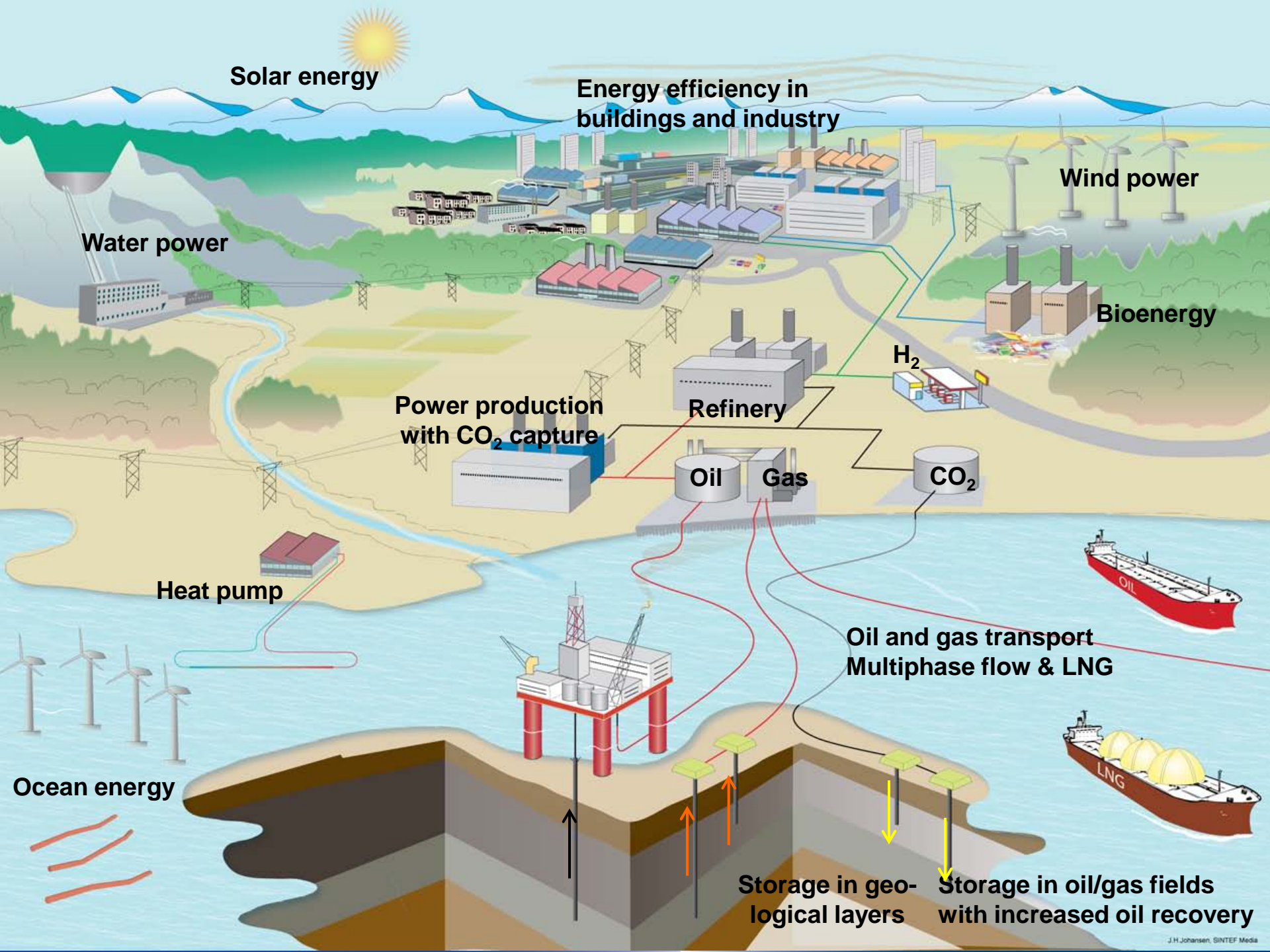
FACTS

- 130 employees within 4 specialist groups
 - Thermal energy
 - Industrial process technology
 - Energy and indoor environment
 - Fluids engineering
- 80-90 Ph.D. students
- 70-100 M.Sc. students

LAB

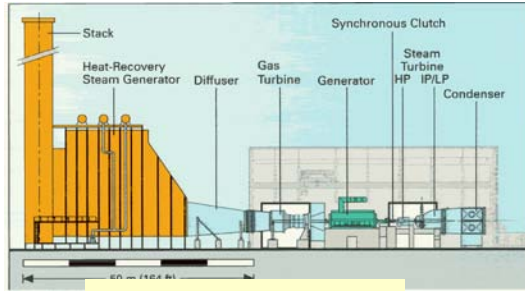
- 6000 m² of laboratories in 3 buildings
- 20 employees in laboratory/workshop



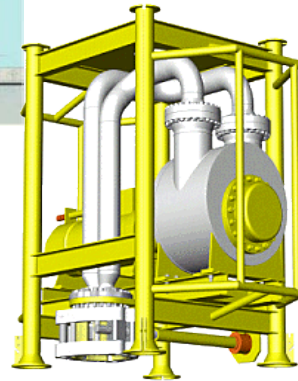


Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Thermal Energy Group



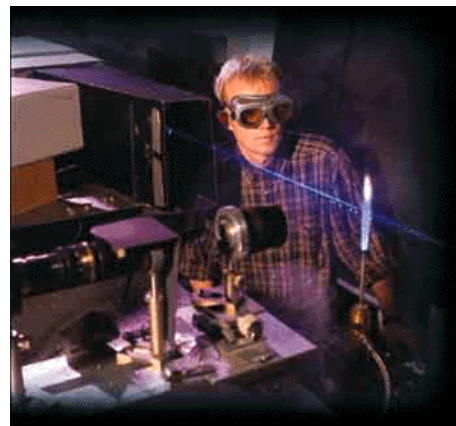
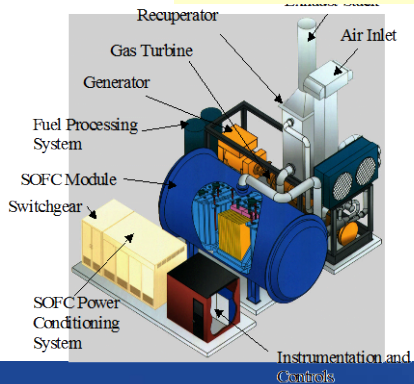
NG power plant with CO₂ capture



Multiphase pumps



Combustion



■ Combustion

- Combustion, including processes and equipment
- Bio-energy
- Waste combustion
- Air pollution and gas cleaning

■ Turbo machinery and power generation

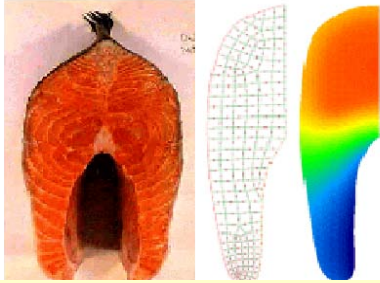
- Thermal turbo machinery, including gas turbines, multiphase- and NG compressors
- Thermal power cycles including CO₂ capture
- High-temperature fuel cells

■ LCA og industrial ecology

- LCA – Life Cycle Analysis
- Value Chain Analysis
- Energy and Environment in developing countries
- Systems engineering

Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Industrial Process Technology Group



Cooling/freezing/dewatering



Refrigeration and heating in cars



Multiphase oil and gas pipes



Components to industrial heating and cooling systems



Offshore LNG

■ Heating and cooling technology

- Systems and components
- Energy analysis
- Process integration
- Heat pumping systems

■ NG and Multiphase transport

- Multiphase transport
- NG processing
- Low temperature processes

■ Food engineering

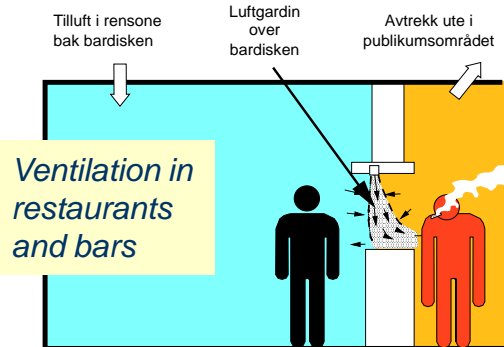
- Dewatering and drying
- Cooling, freezing and defrosting
- Fluidized systems

Department of Energy and Process Engineering

Energy and Indoor Environment Group



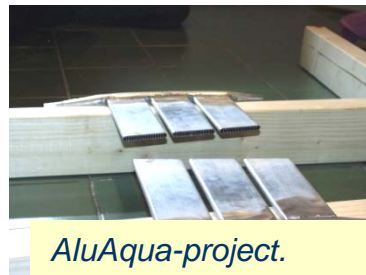
Indoor environment in schools



Fire safety and ventilation in rock halls



50 kW CO₂ hot water heat pump, prototype



AluAqua-project. New concept for floor heating

Energy use and supply

- heating systems
- energy use and planning
- district heating

Building automation

- system simulations
- facility management
- O&M

Indoor environment

- building climatization
- sanitation and residential hygiene
- applied heat pump engineering

Ventilation engineering

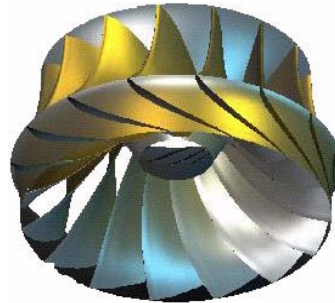
- HVAC systems
- industrial ventilation
- fire safety

Department of Energy and Process Engineering

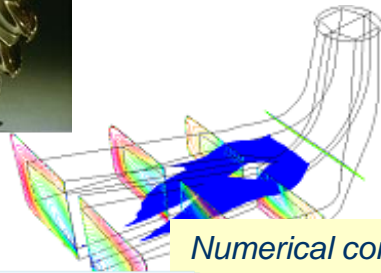
Fluid Engineering Group



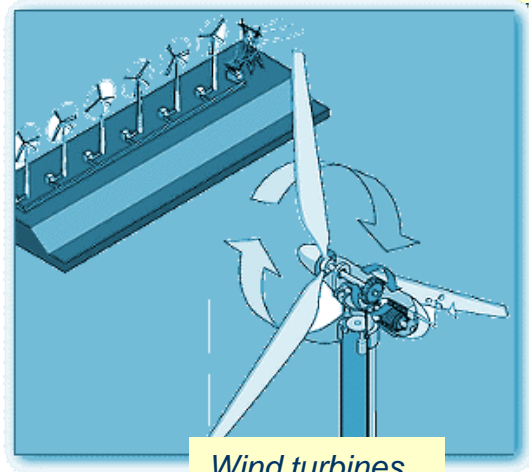
Pelton turbine



Francis turbine



Numerical computations of flow fields



Wind turbines



Aero dynamics

■ Fluid power and pneumatics

- Turbine and pump design
- System analysis
- Cavitation

■ Hydraulic fluid machines

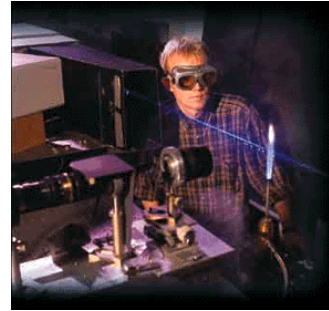
- Components
- Control
- Power-assisted mechanisms

■ Fluid flow engineering

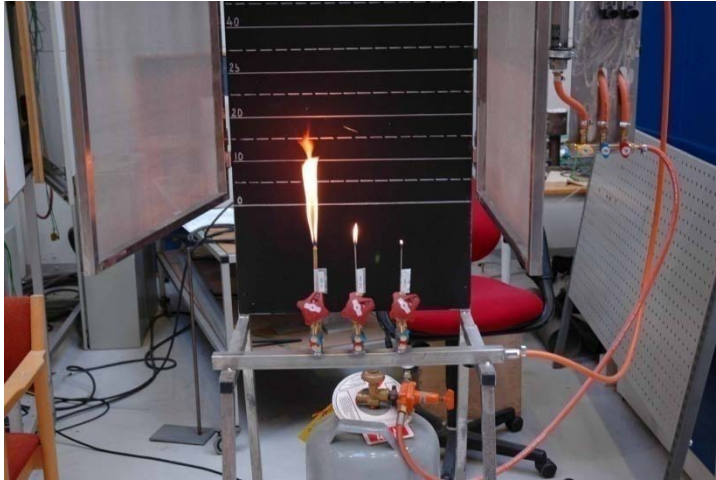
- Turbulence physics
- Numeric fluid flow calculations
- Fluid flow in micro media
- Multiphase flow
- Aero and hydro dynamics

Laboratories

1. Combustion lab
2. Thermal energy Lab
3. Refrigeration lab
4. Multiphase flow lab
5. Indoor environment lab
6. Dewatering and food engineering lab
7. Water power lab
8. Wind tunnell lab



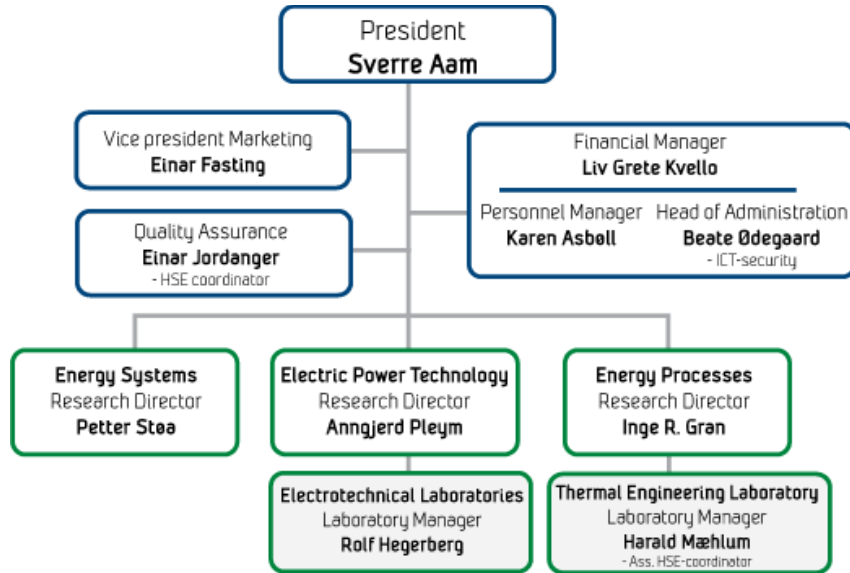
Laboratory based training



..... and communication

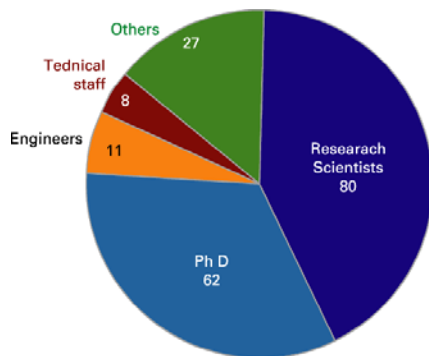


SINTEF Energy Research



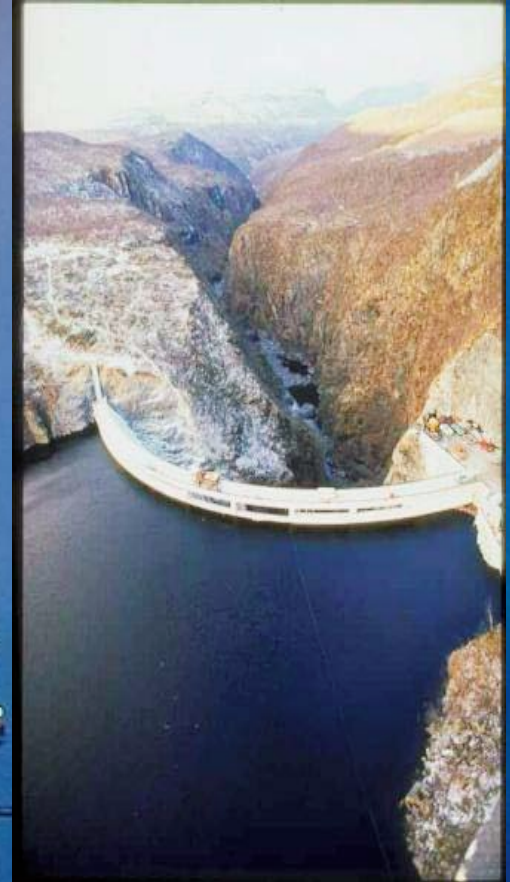
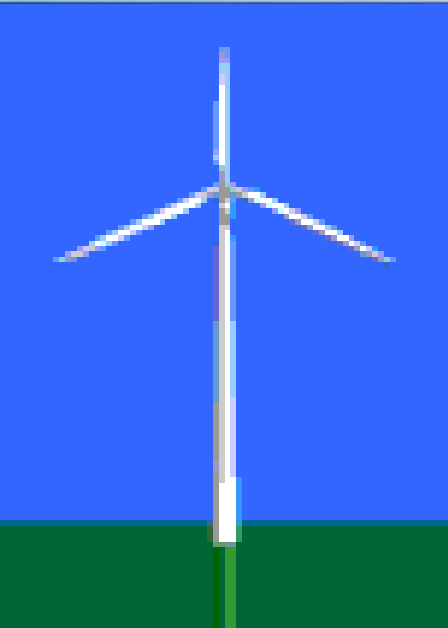
Energy Processes:

- Ventilation and air conditioning in commercial and industrial premises
- Chilling, freezing and thawing of food
- CO₂ as a refrigerant in refrigeration and heat pump units
- Gas technology, LNG, production, storage and transport
- Power generation with “zero CO₂ emissions” , including CO₂ capture and transport
- **Thermal energy production from biomass and refuse**
- Drying and dewatering
- Energy saving in buildings and all types of industry
- Hydrogen: LH₂, gasification, combustion, safety, value chains
- Subsea technology oil/gas
- Hydronic heating systems, district heating and cooling
- Particle technology and multiphase transport
- Indoor climate and the work environment



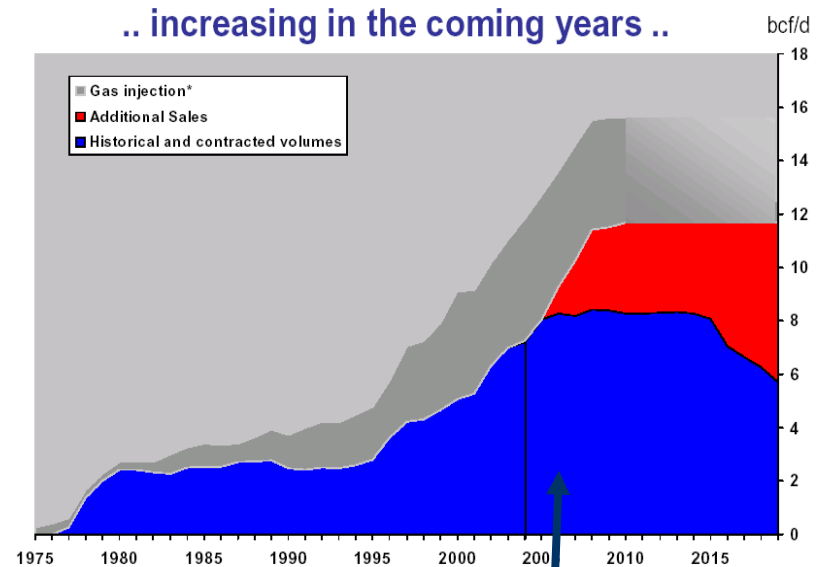
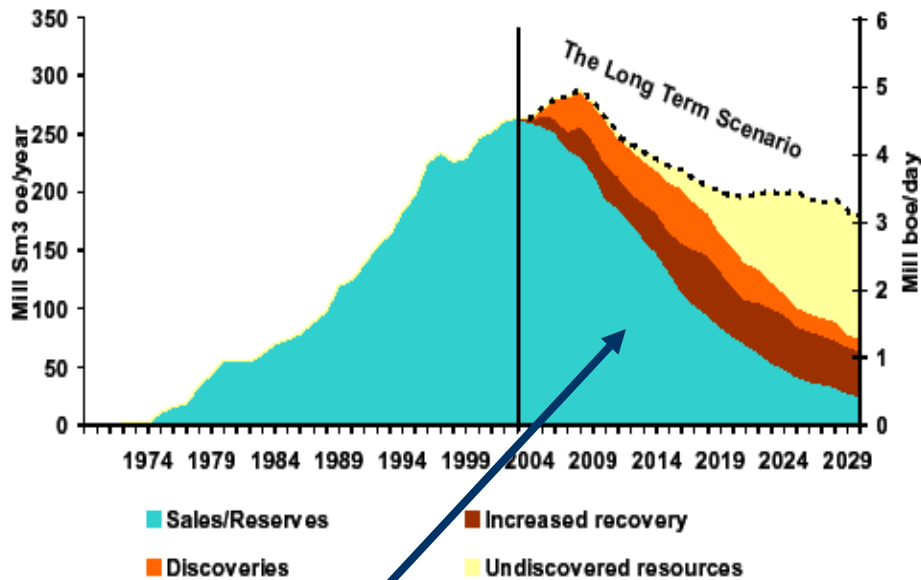
Number of employees: 188

Norway - an energy nation.....



3 generations of energy development: Hydro Power, Petroleum, Renewables

Petroleum Production on the Norwegian Continental Shelf



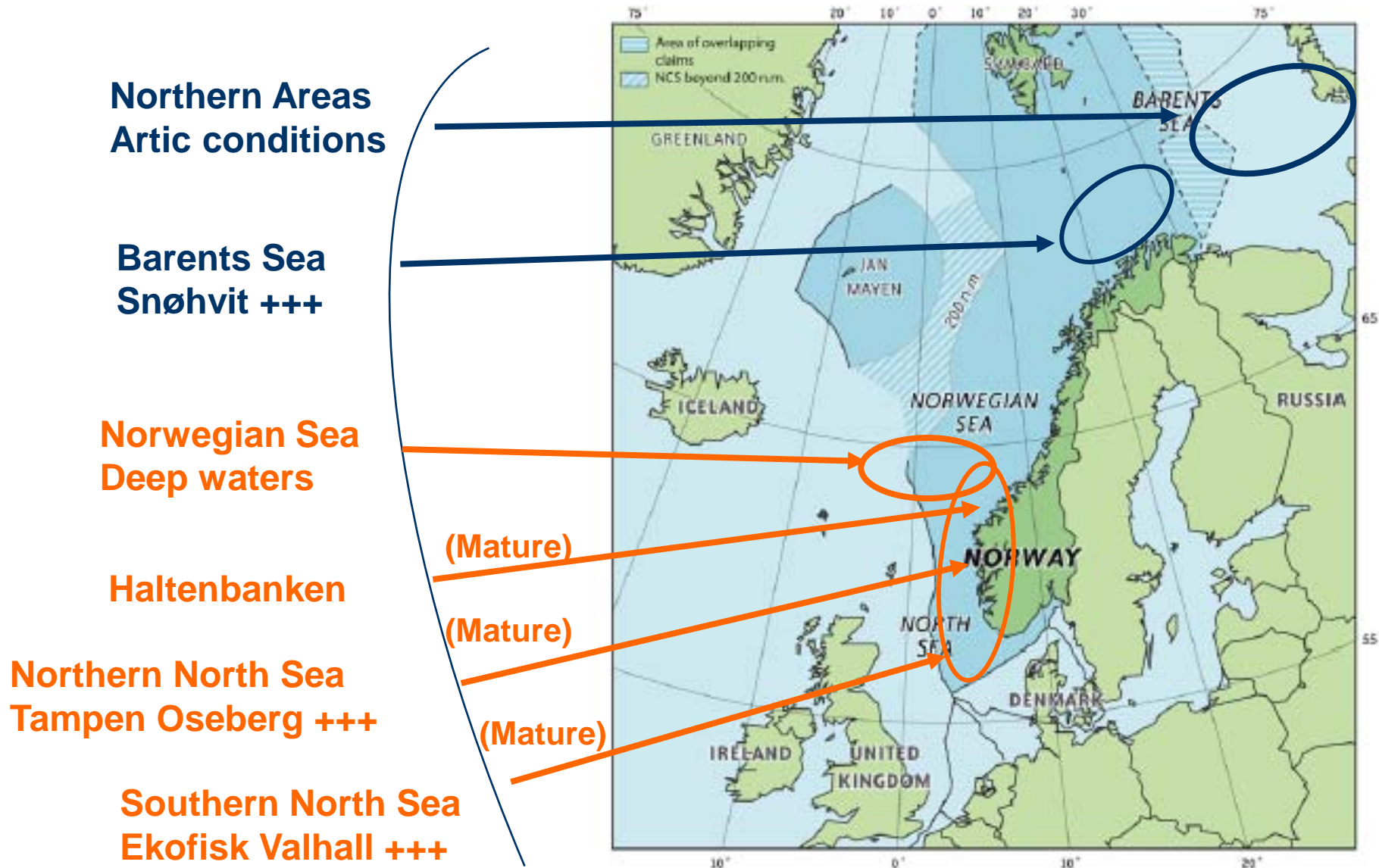
Declining Oil Production

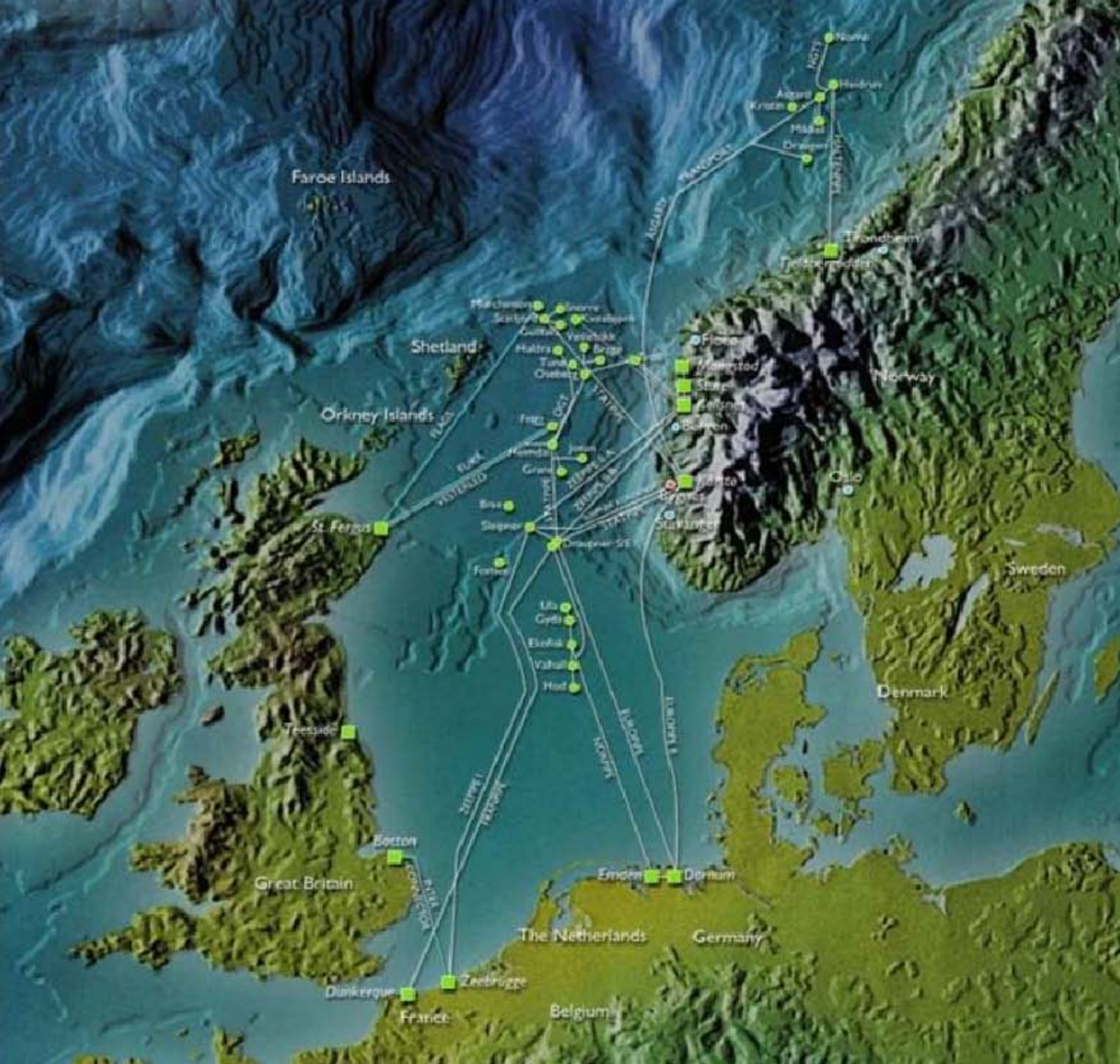
Norway is the 3rd largest oil and 2nd largest gas exporter in the world

Increasing Gas Production

/NPD/

Norwegian Continental Shelf 1965 - 2005





GASSCO OPERATED SYSTEMS
[as of 1st August 2002]

- Pipelines**
 Franpipe
 Zeepipe I
 Zeepipe IIA + IIB
 Europipe
 Europipe II
 Haltenpipe
 Statpipe
 Asgard transport
 Norne Gas Transportation System
 Vesterled
 Oseberg Gas Transport

Different Systems, different ownership

- Onshore facilities**
 Kårstø, Norway
 Zeebrugge, Belgium
 Emden/Dornum, Germany
 Dunkerque, France
 St. Fergus, Scotland

- Riser platforms**
 Draupner S/E
 Sleipner Riser
 Heimdal Riser



...is now one united ownership structure with consistent ownership through the entire system

Nord

Melkøya

Recoverable reserves: 193 billion cubic metres of natural gas 113 million barrels of condensate (light oil), corresponding to 17.9 million cubic metres 5.1 million tonnes of natural gas liquids (NGL)

Water depths: 250-345 metres

Development solution: Remotely-operated subsea installations and pipeline transport to land

Pipeline: 143-kilometre line with multiphase flow

Land plant: Melkøya, just outside the shipping channel into Hammerfest

Annual exports: 5.67 billion standard cubic metres (scm) of LNG, corresponding to 4.1 million tonnes 3.1-5.7 million barrels of condensate, corresponding to 500-900 000 scm 150-250 000 tonnes of liquefied petroleum gases (LPG)

Annual shipments: About 70 cargoes of LNG

Investment: 58.3 billion NOK = **7.3 billion EURO!**

Production period: 2007-2035

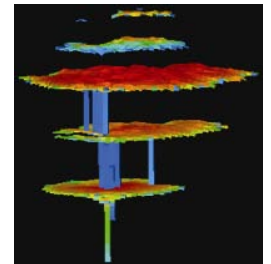
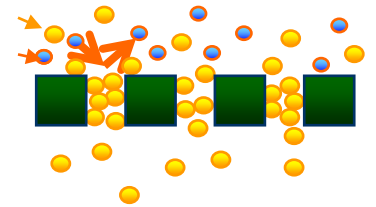
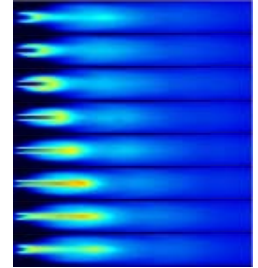
The Gas Technology Centre

NTNU-SINTEF

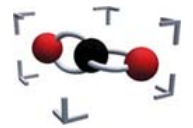
- Assembles the scientific resources and infrastructure for gas technologies in SINTEF and NTNU
- Strategic research partner Statoil, open for new entrants

Mission:

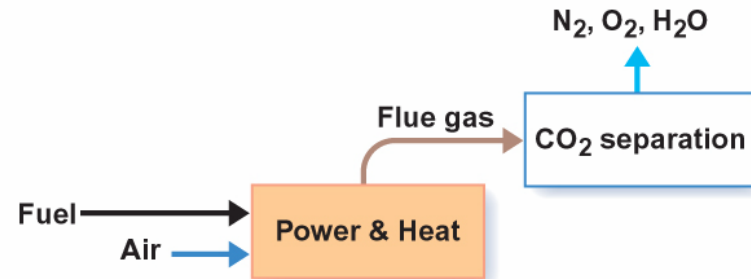
- Secure world class education – gas technology
 - Awards ~75% of national MSc's within gas technology
 - ~30 PhD students each year within the topic
- Frontier research – gas technology
 - About 250 researchers in total (NTNU and SINTEF)
- Initiate large(r) research platforms:
 - In co-operation with the Research Council of Norway
 - EU-projects (6th & 7th Framework programmes)
 - Strategic industrial research contracts



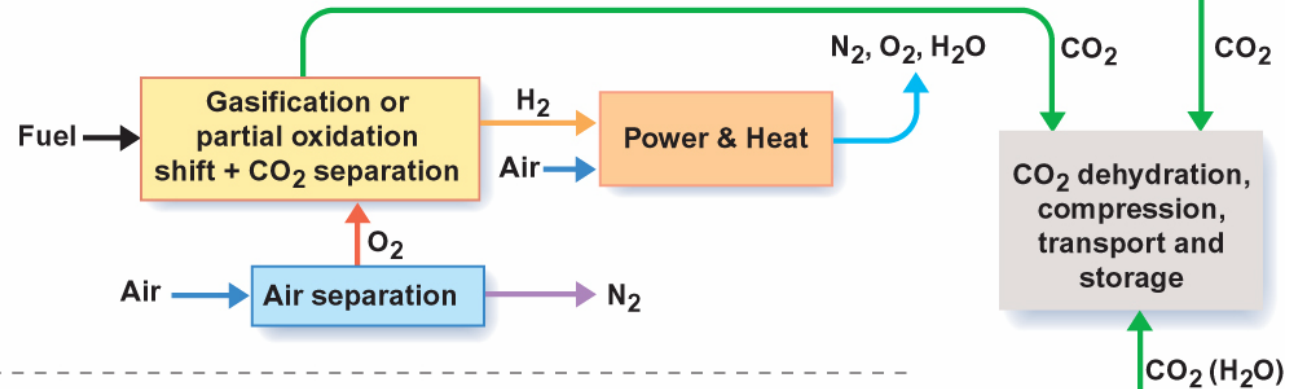
CO₂ - Capture



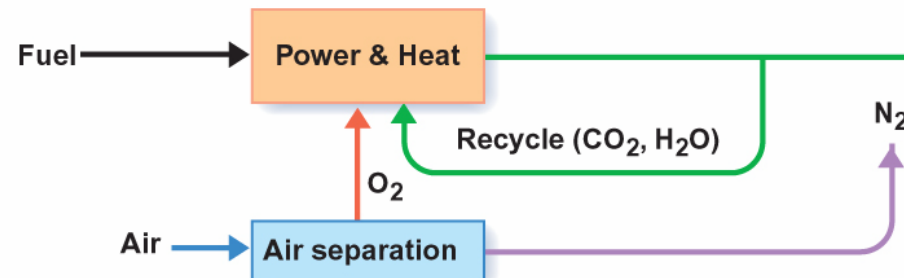
Post-combustion capture



Pre-combustion capture

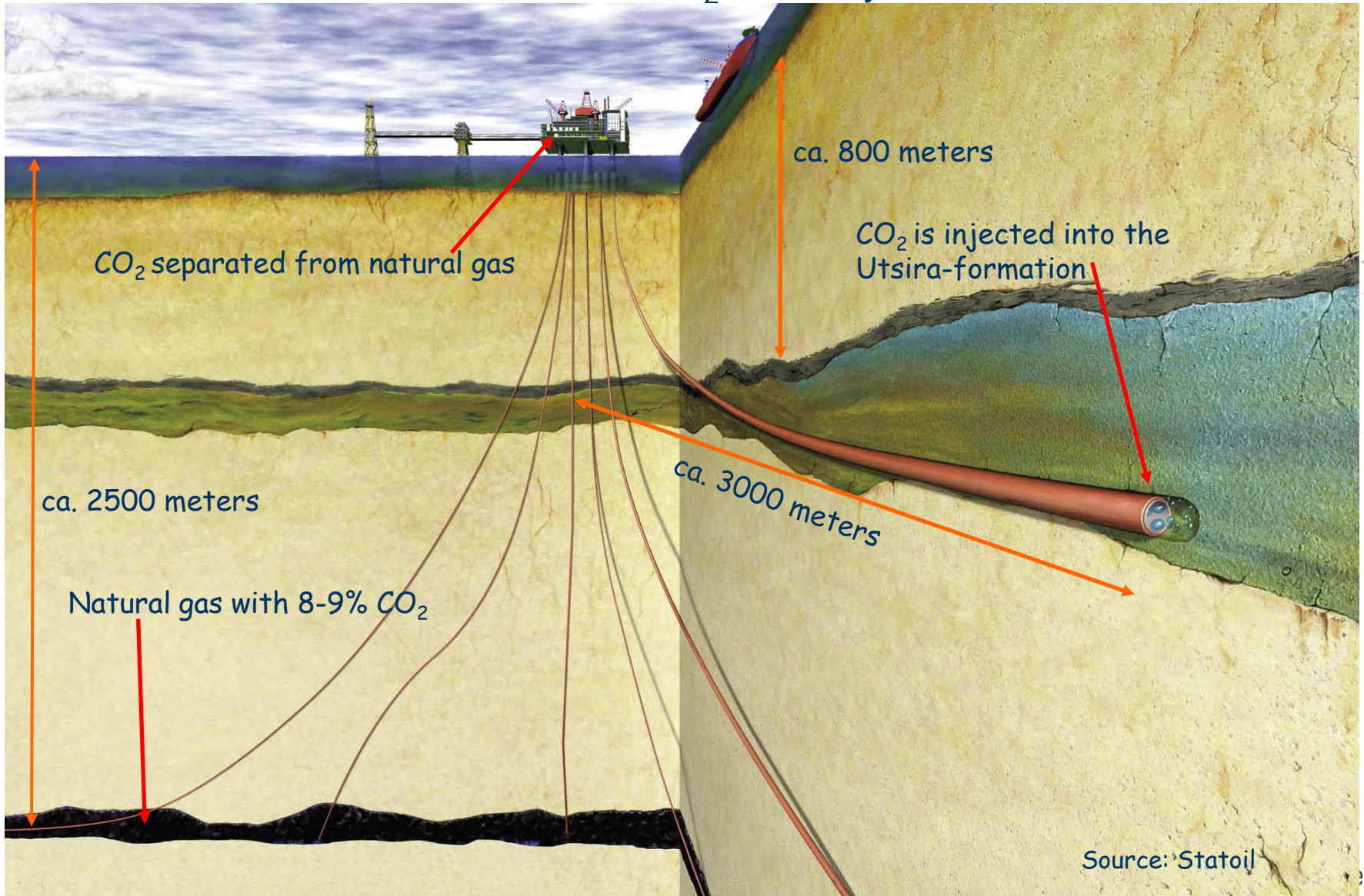


O₂/CO₂ recycle (oxyfuel) combustion capture



Sleipner gas field – CO₂ storage

ca. 1 million tonnes CO₂ annually since 1996



Centre for Renewable Energy

NTNU – SINTEF – IFE



Wind power

Solar power

Small scale
hydro power

Bioenergy

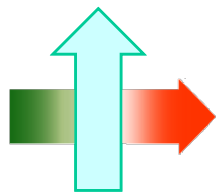
Wave, ocean energy

Hydrogen

Renewable
energy systems

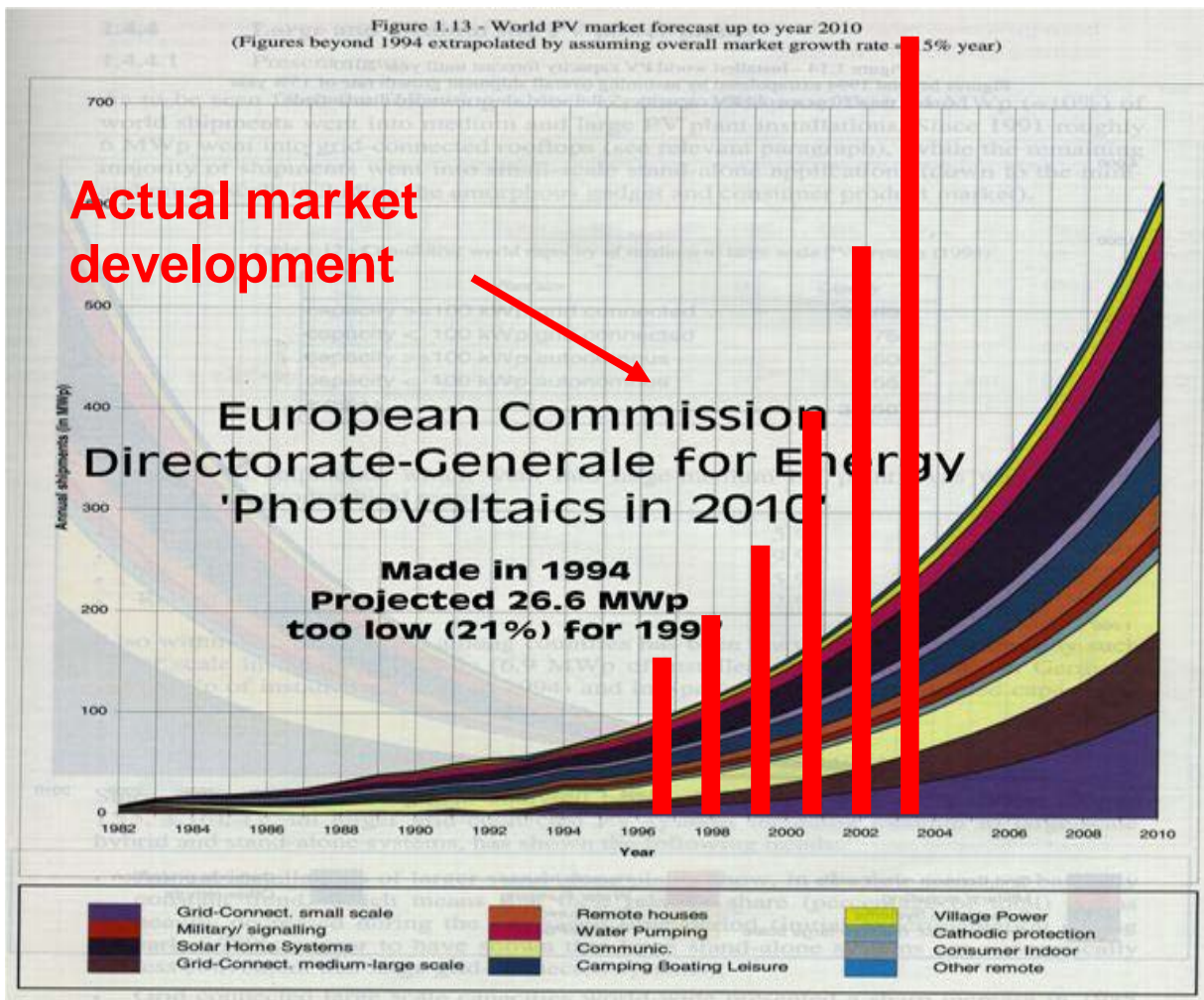
Renewables and
society

Energy economising



Solar Cells

– The market grows faster than anticipated...



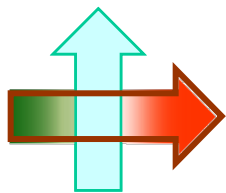
solar

hydro

wind

bio

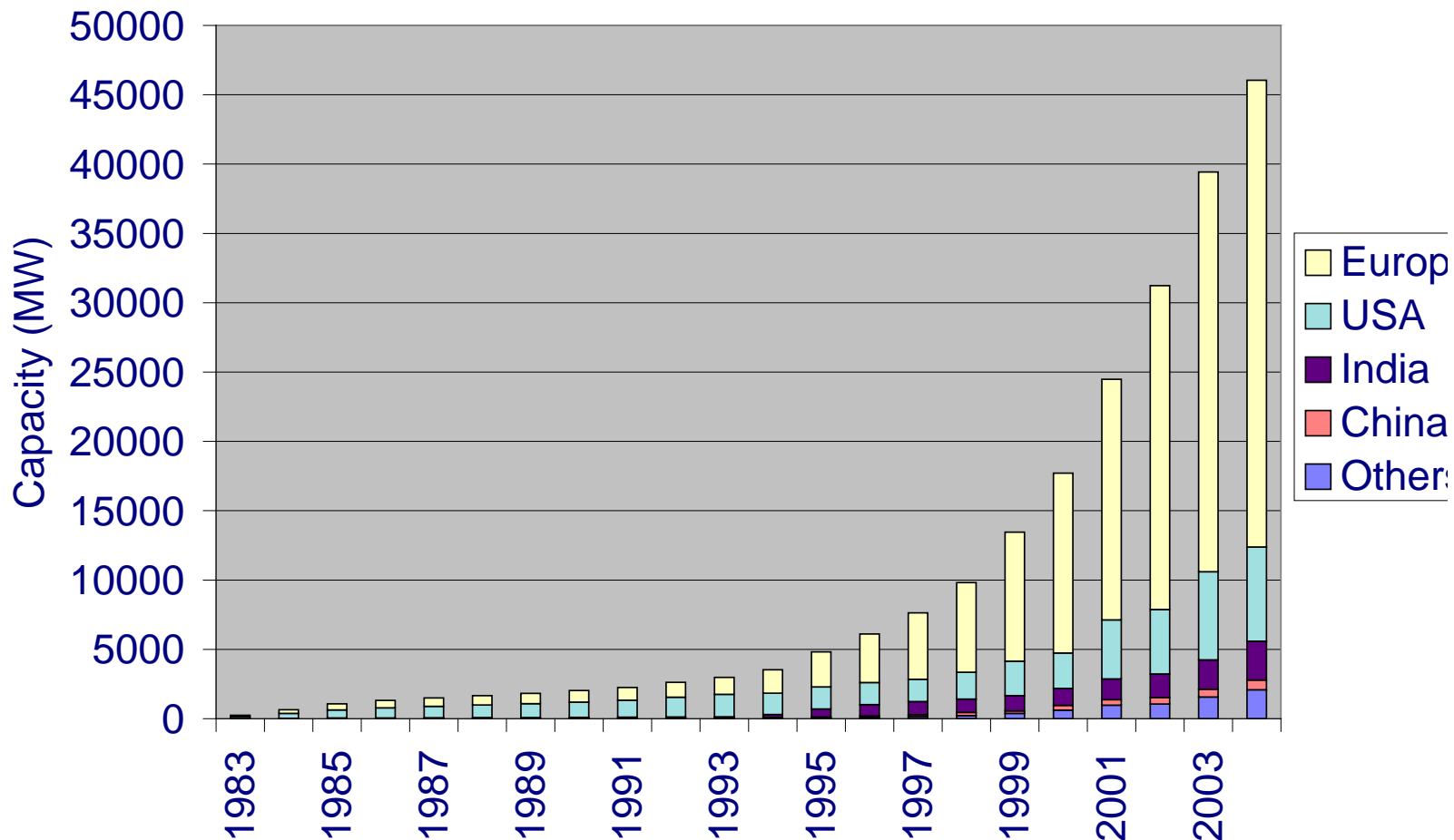
...



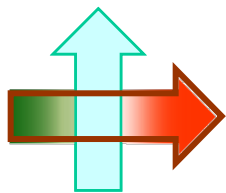
Wind energy

– The fastest growing energy technology

Installed wind power



- solar
- hydro
- wind**
- bio
- ...



Rapid technology development

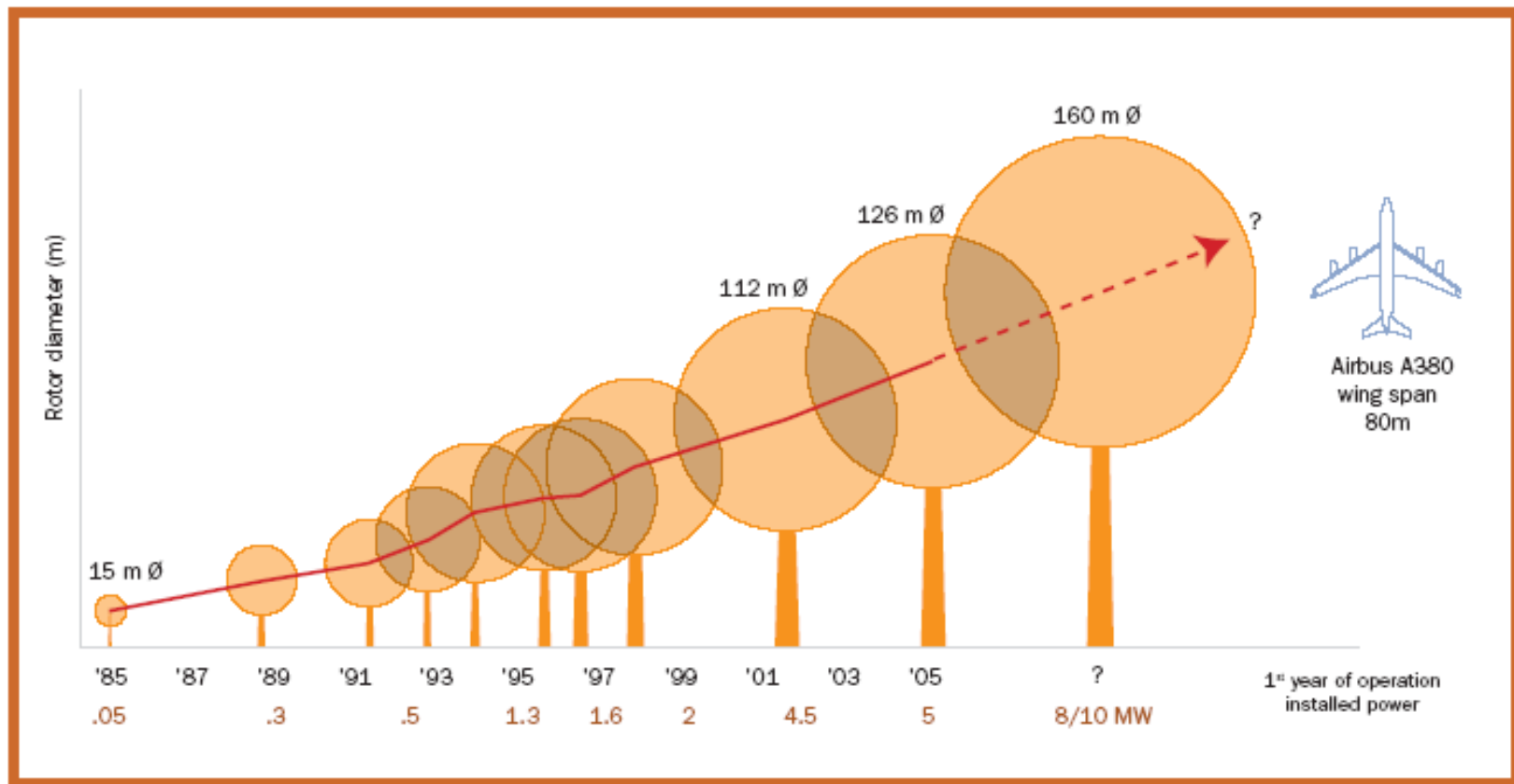
solar

hydro

wind

bio

...

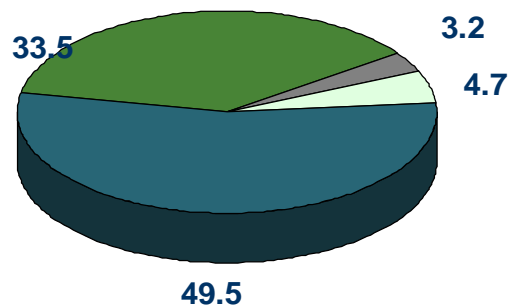


Source: Jos Beurskens, ECN

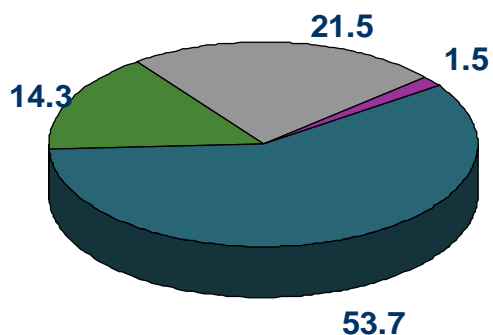
Bioenergy in the Nordic: 213 TWh

■ 5% power og 95% heat

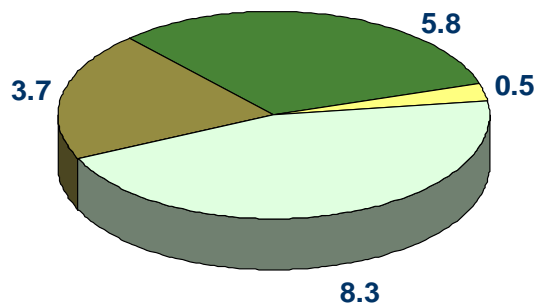
Sweden (91 TWh)



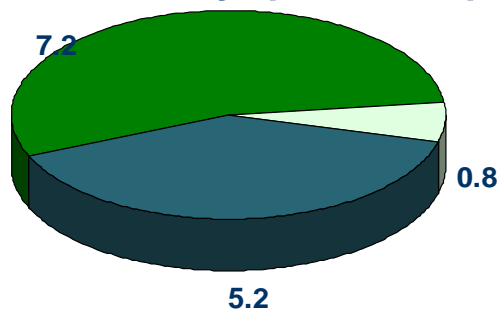
Finland (91 TWh)



Denmark (18 TWh)



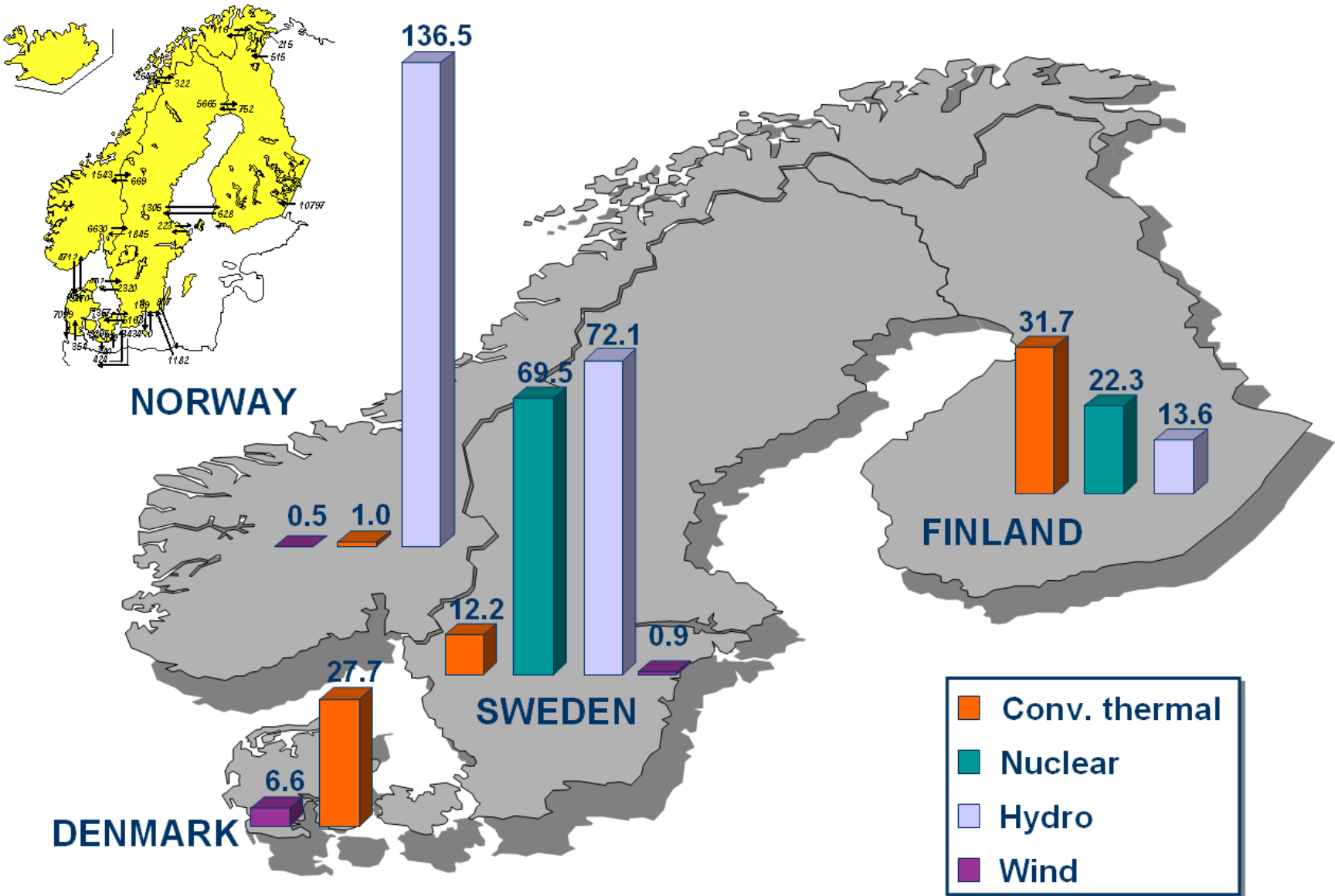
Norway (15 TWh)



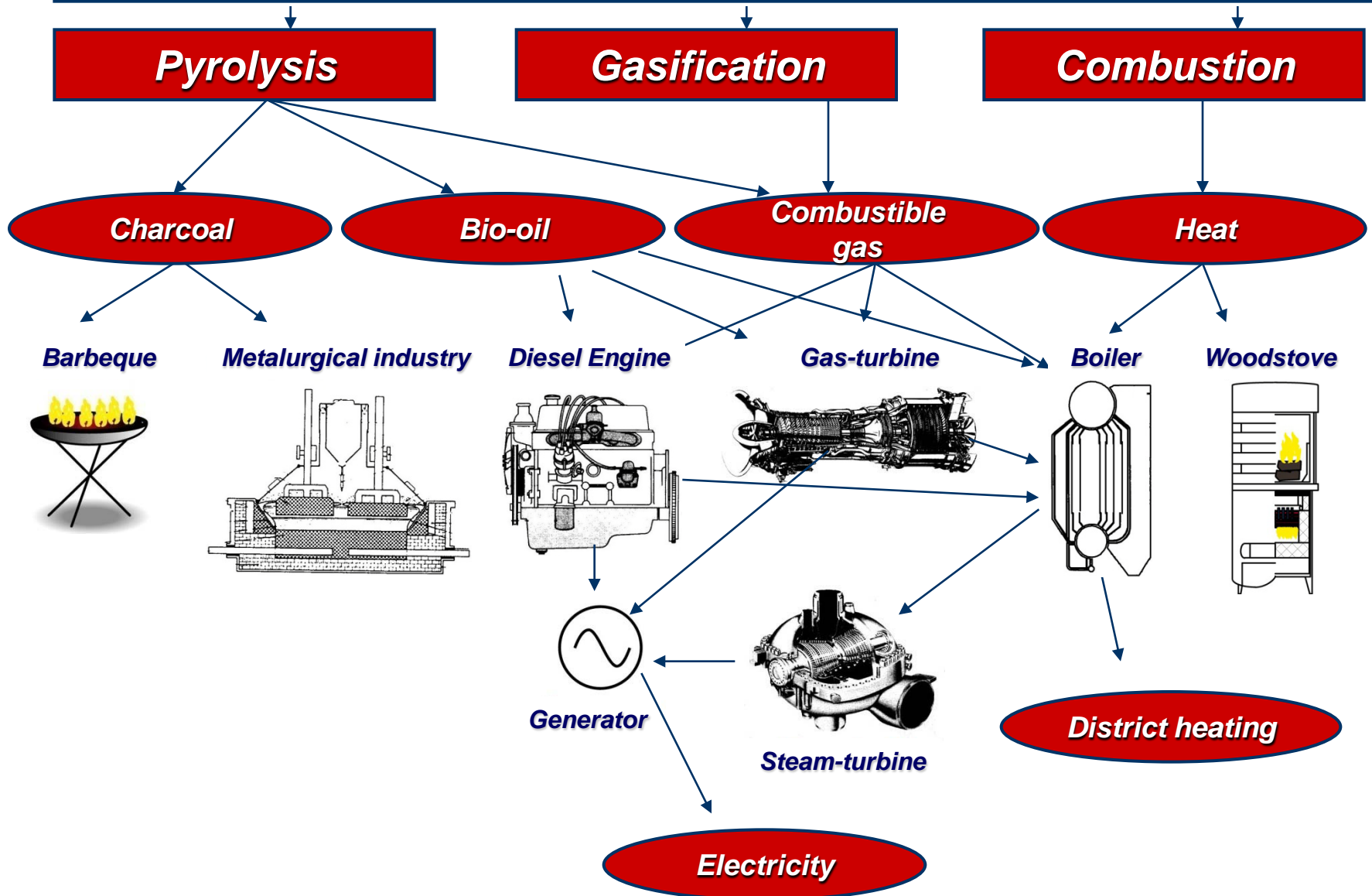
- By-products forest industry
- Wood Fuel
- Waste
- Straw
- Peat
- Biogas

Ref: Norsk Bioenergiforening

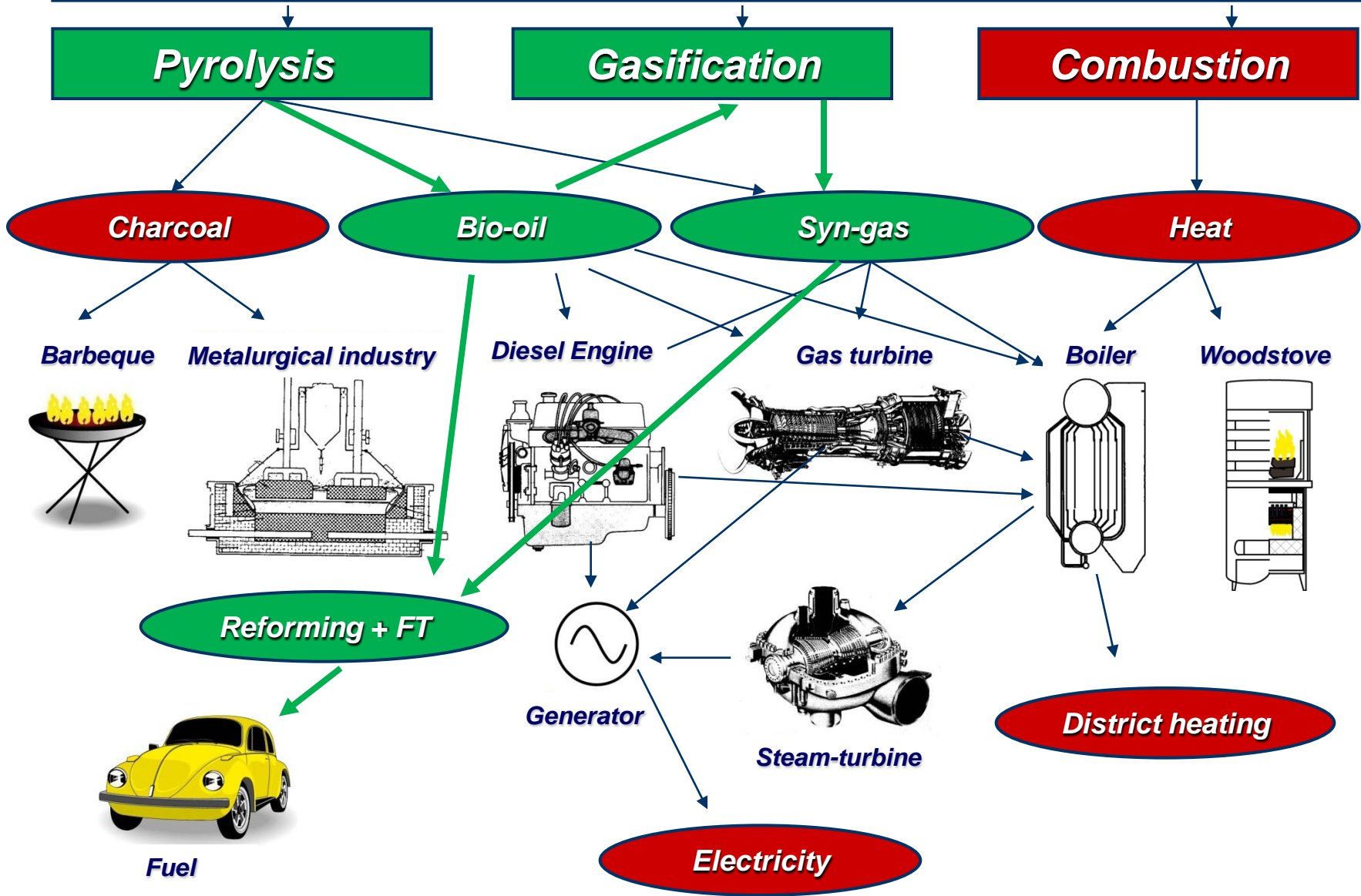
Electricity Generation in Nordel 2005 (TWh)



Heat and Power from Thermochemical Conversion of Biomass







Liquid Biofuels from Thermochemical Conversion of Biomass






Both agricultural and wood based materials are involved in biofuels production





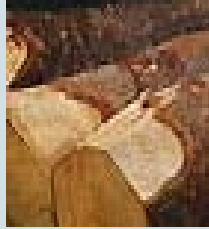
Bioethanol

			
Sugar cane	Sugar beet	Corn	Wheat
Brazil, India, China, Colombia	Europe, China	US, China	Europe, India, China, US

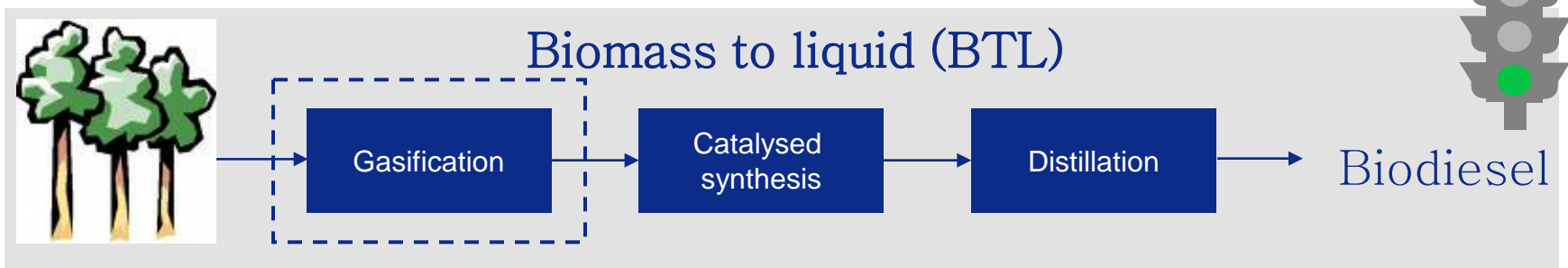
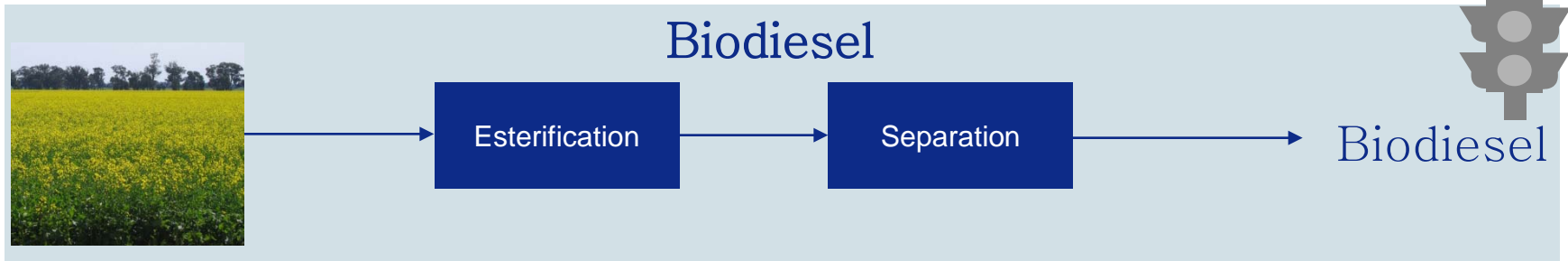
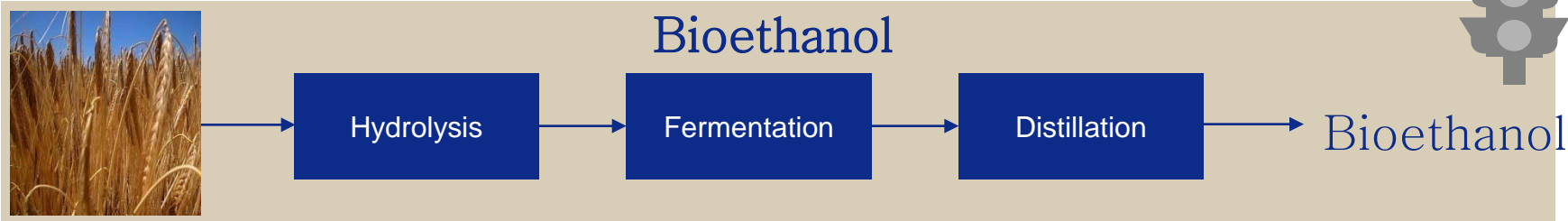
Biodiesel

		
Rapeseed	Palm	Jatropha
Europe, Canada, China, Russia	Indonesia, Malaysia, Nigeria	Africa, South Eastern Asia, India

Biomass to liquids (Second generation)

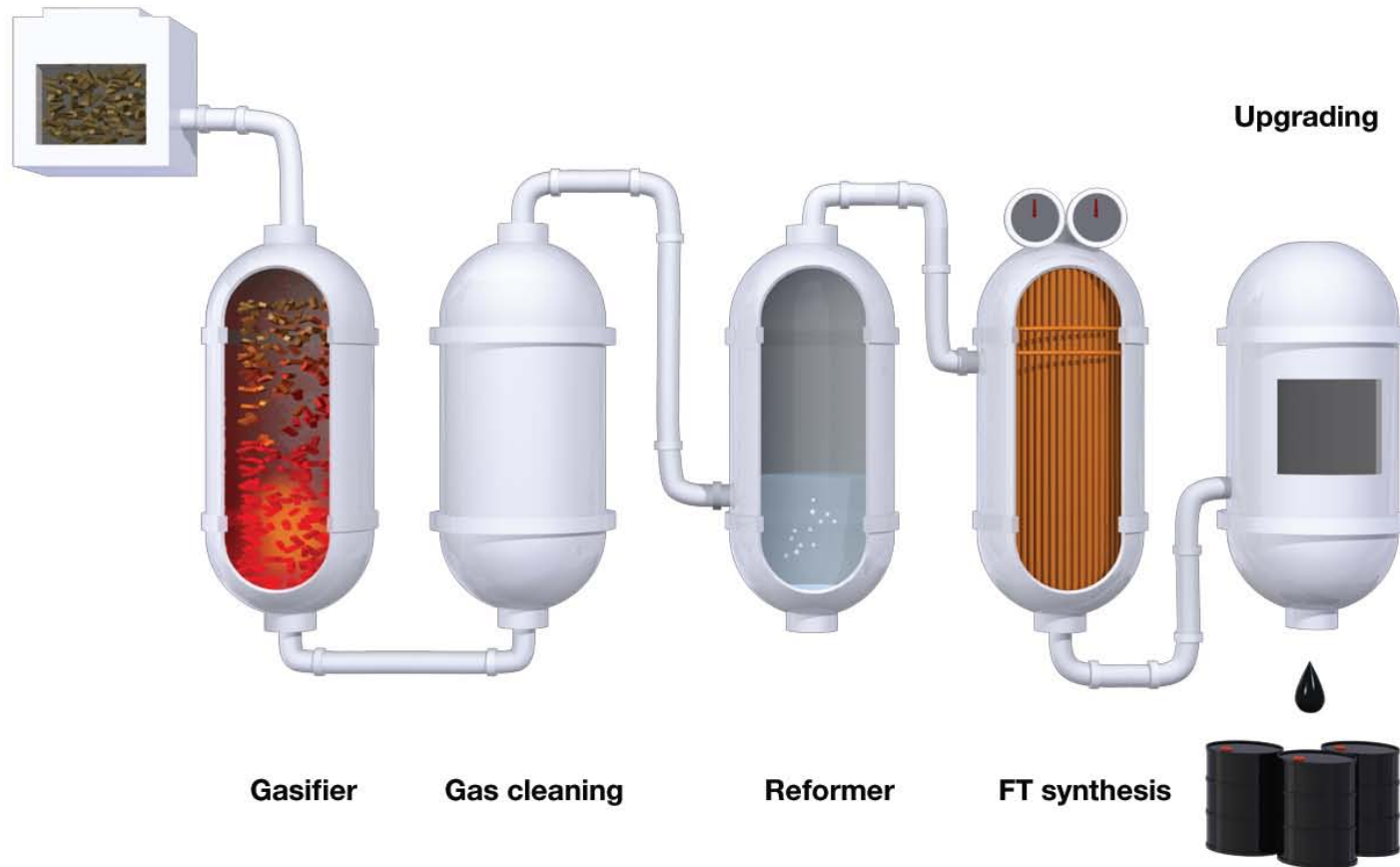
				
Switchgrass	Miscanthus	Bagasse	Straw	Wood

Three different technologies will coexist for production of biofuels



Gasification + Reforming + FT

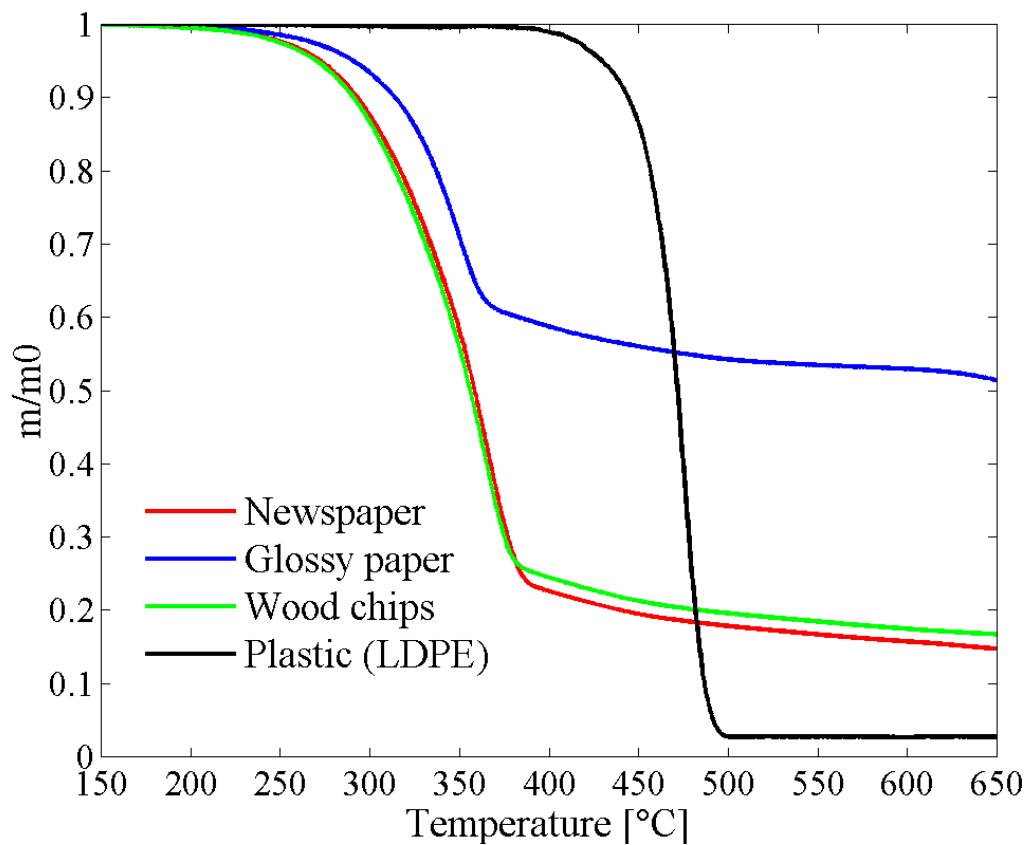
Biomass hopper



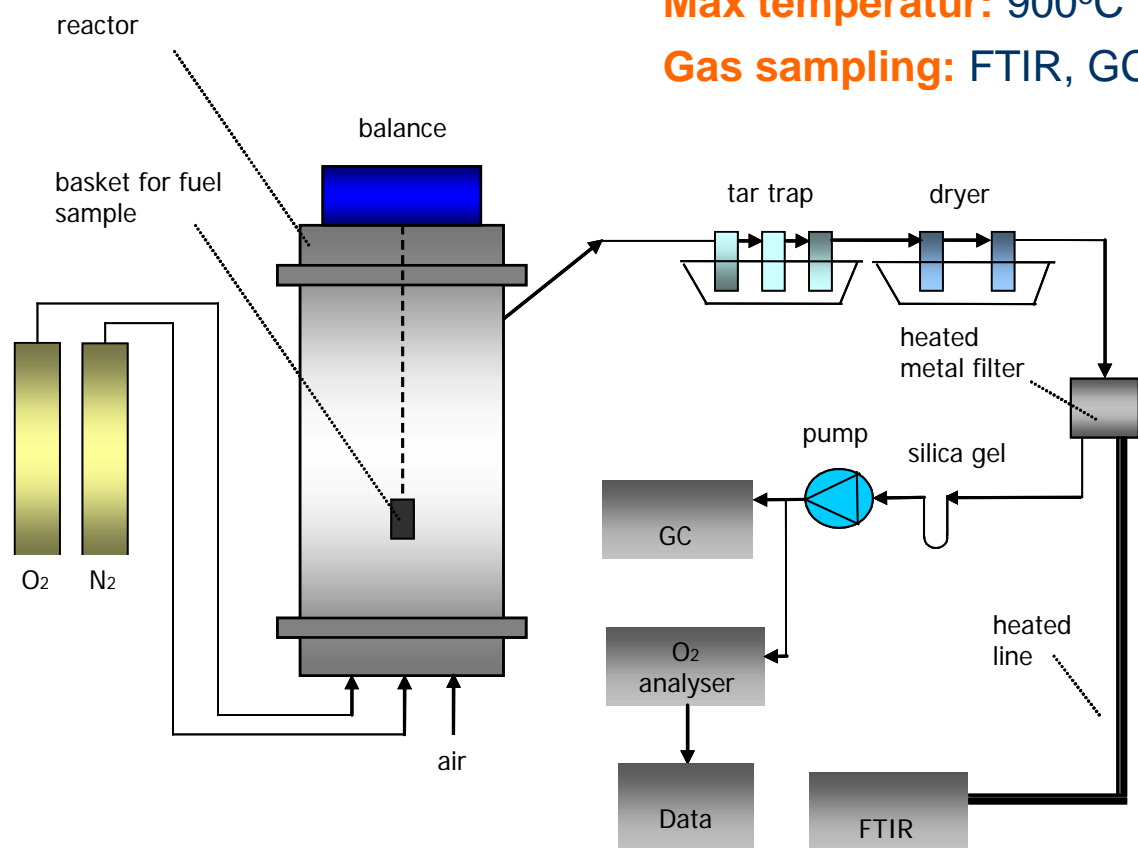
Experiments - Micro TGA



Pyrolysis of waste component



Experiments – Macro TGA



Dimensions:

Diameter: 100 mm

Height: 1000 mm

Configuration:

macro TGA, fixed bed

fluidized bed

Max temperatur: 900°C

Gas sampling: FTIR, GC

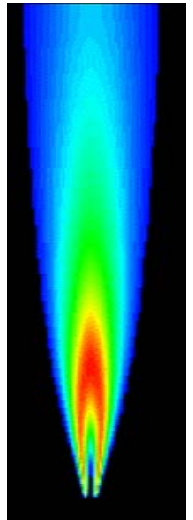
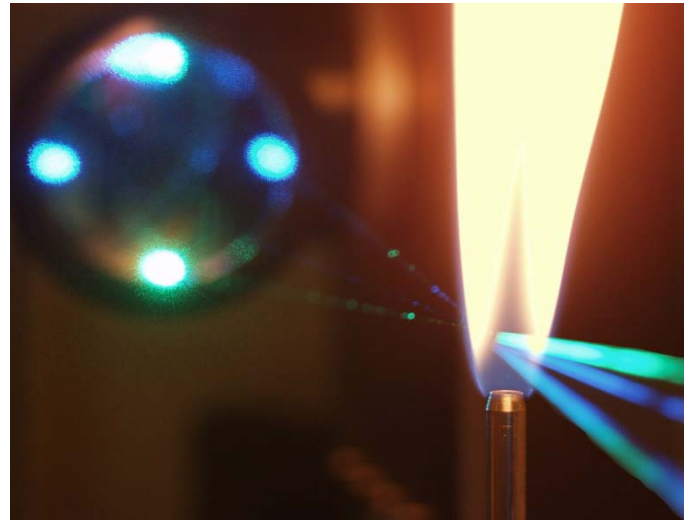
Multifuel reactor

- Fuel testing
 - Fuel mixtures
 - Additives
 - Impact on:
 - Flue gas quality
 - Particle formation
 - Corrosion and fouling
- Input and comparison with modelling work
 - CFD
 - Equilibrium calculations



CFD-modeling

- Computational Fluid Dynamics
- Computation of (reactive) flows
 - Flow field (velocity)
 - Temperature field
 - Species concentrations (e.g. emissions as NO, CO)
 - Radiative fluxes
 - Wall heat transfer
 - ...
- Multidimensional (2D/3D)



Why use CFD?

■ Real problems

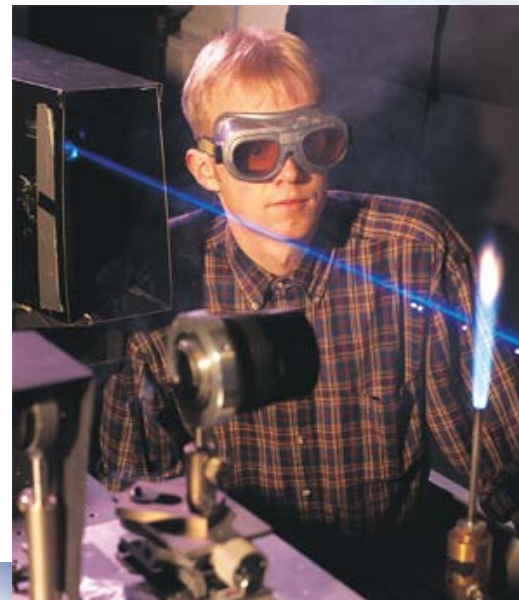
- industrial furnaces
- boilers
- wood stoves



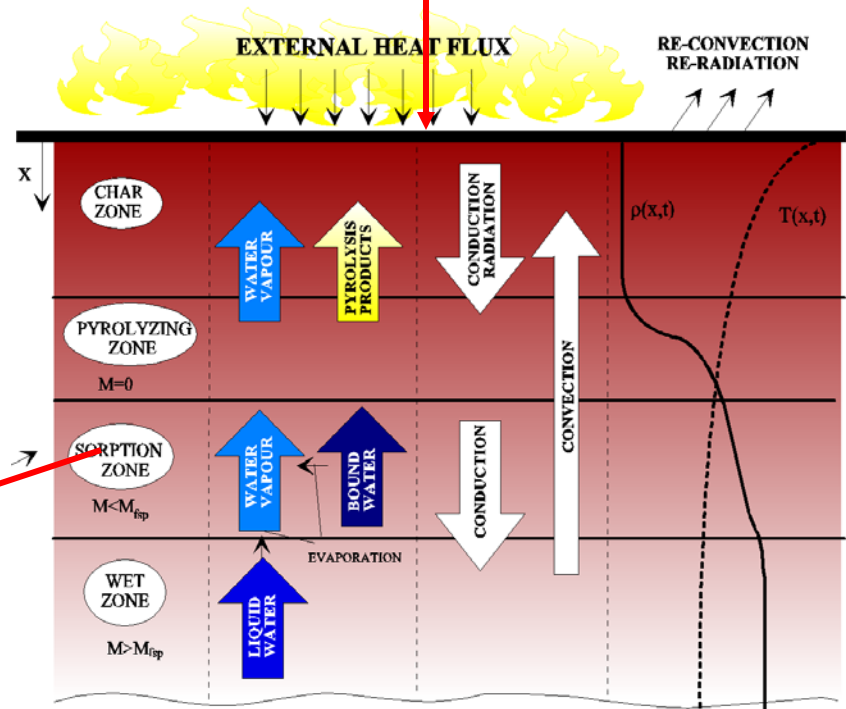
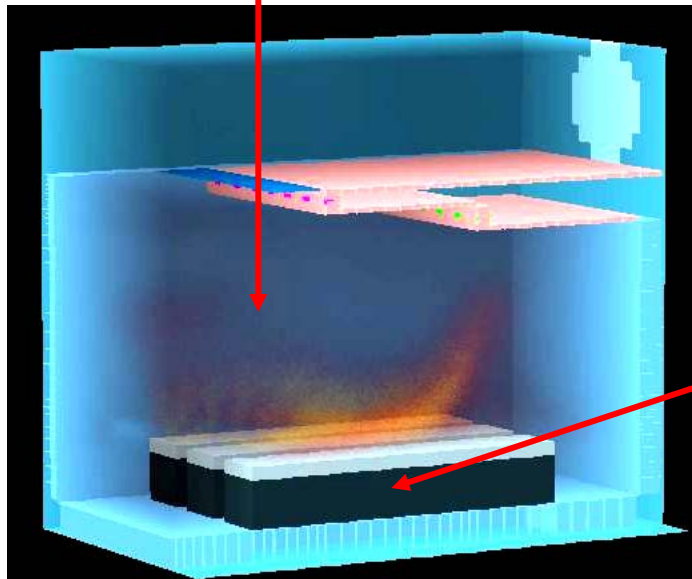
■ Interaction of physical phenomena

- Fluid flow
- Heat transfer
- Chemical reactions
- Phase interchange

■ Cheaper than experiments



Modelling



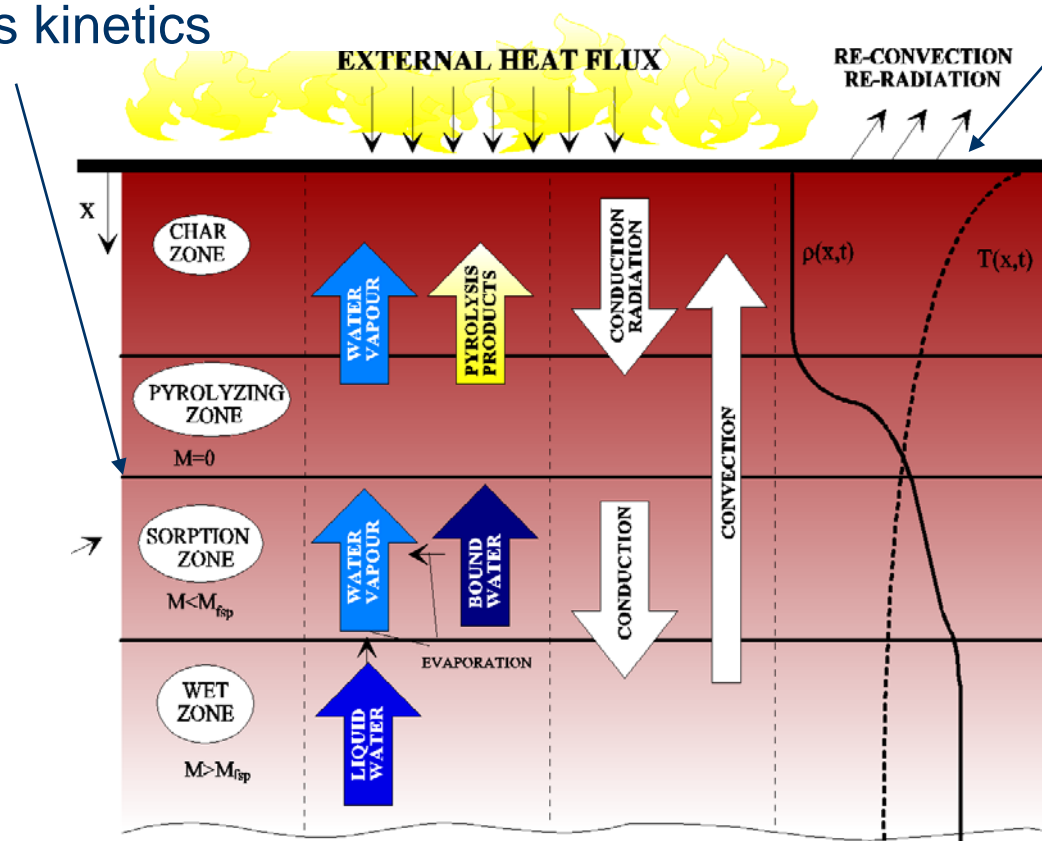
Biomass modeling

Grønli & Sørum

- Single particle modelling
- Pyrolysis kinetics

Barrio, Risnes & Khalil

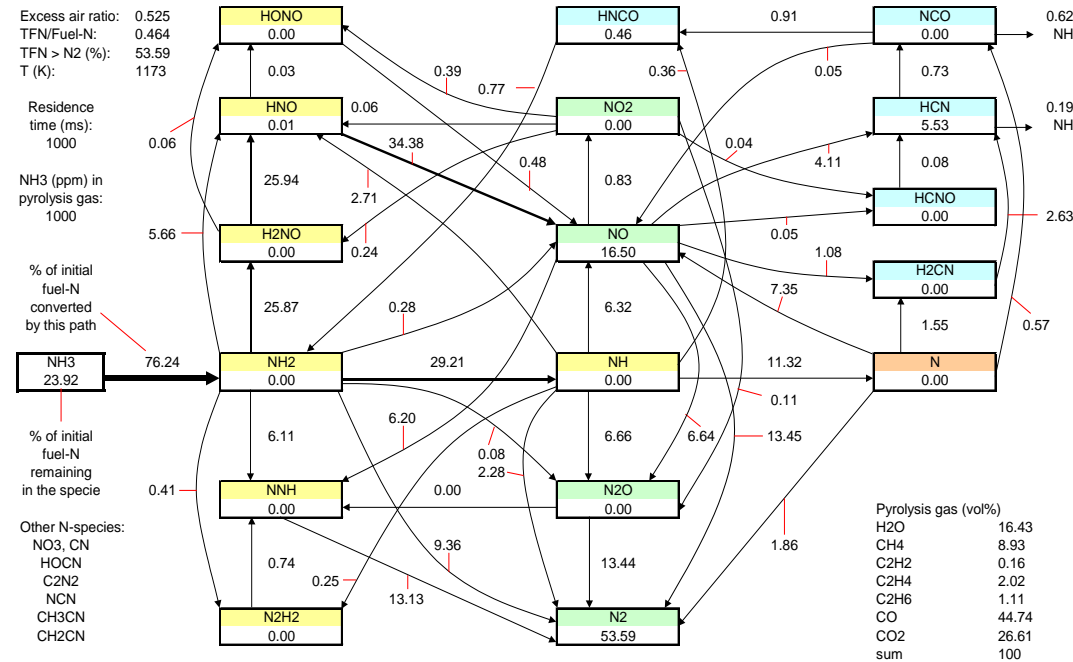
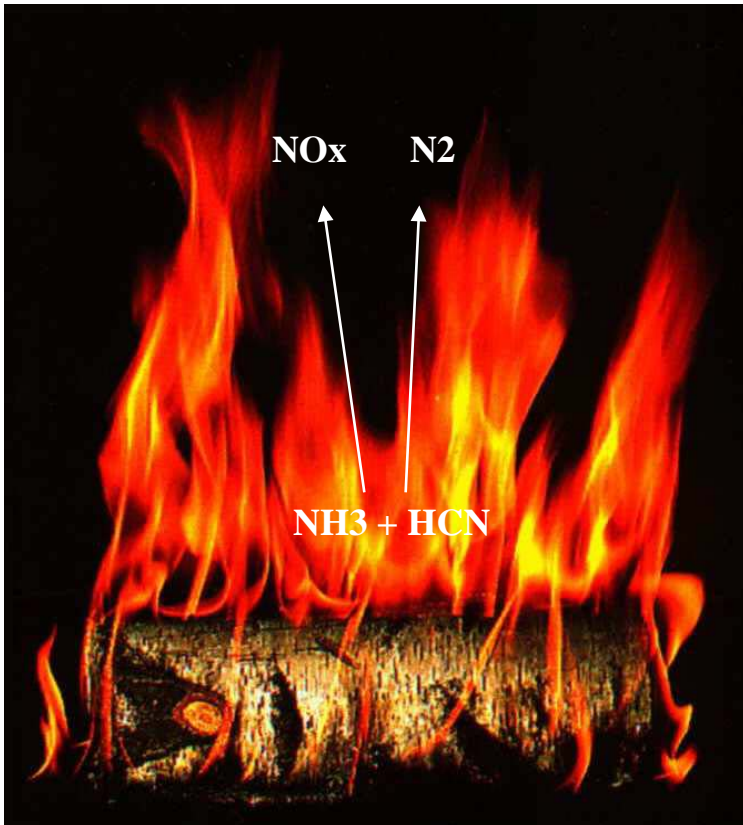
- Char reactivity



NOx & SOx formation and reduction

Skreiberg & Becidan

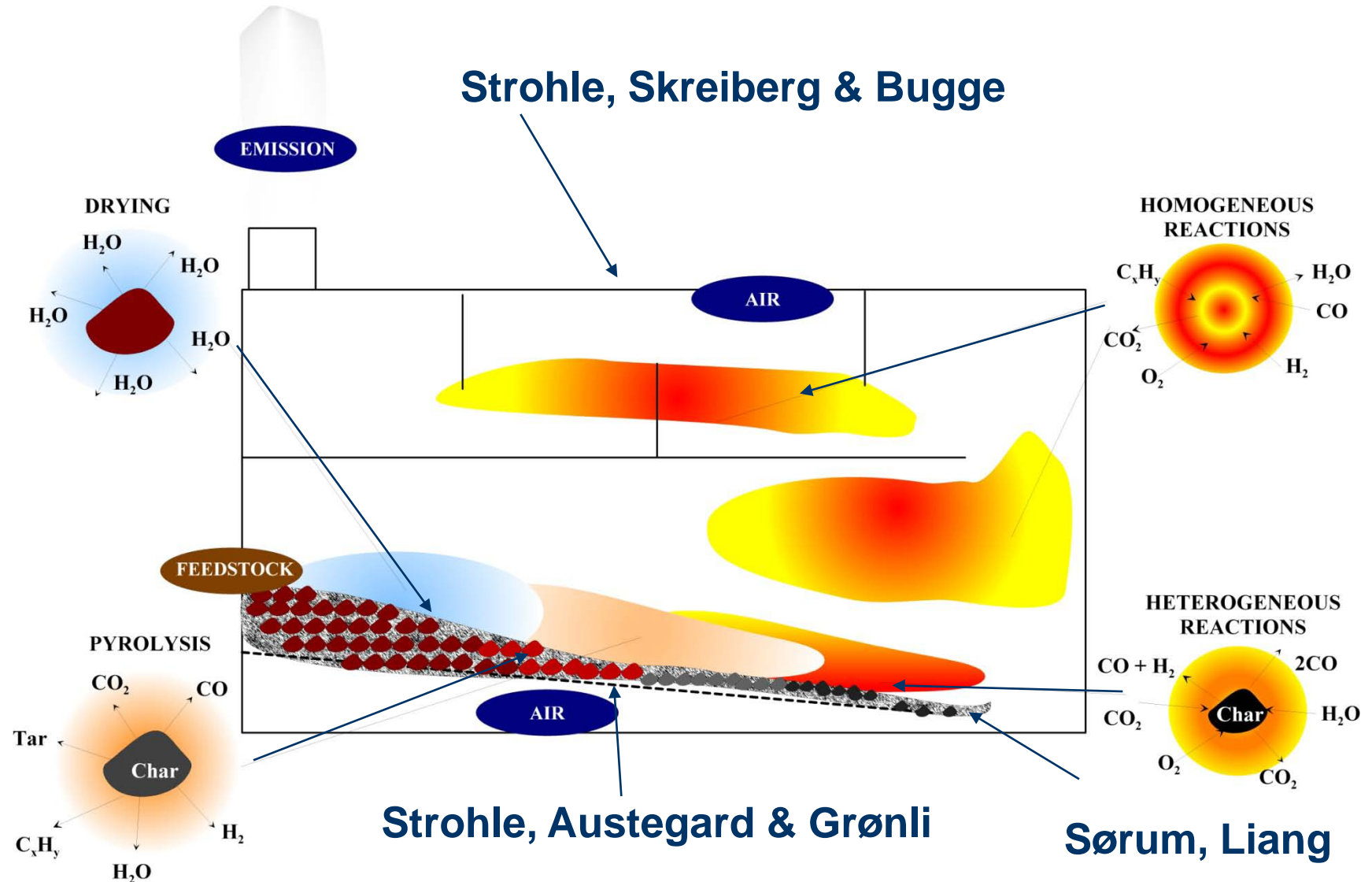
- NH3 & HCN release
- NOx- chemistry

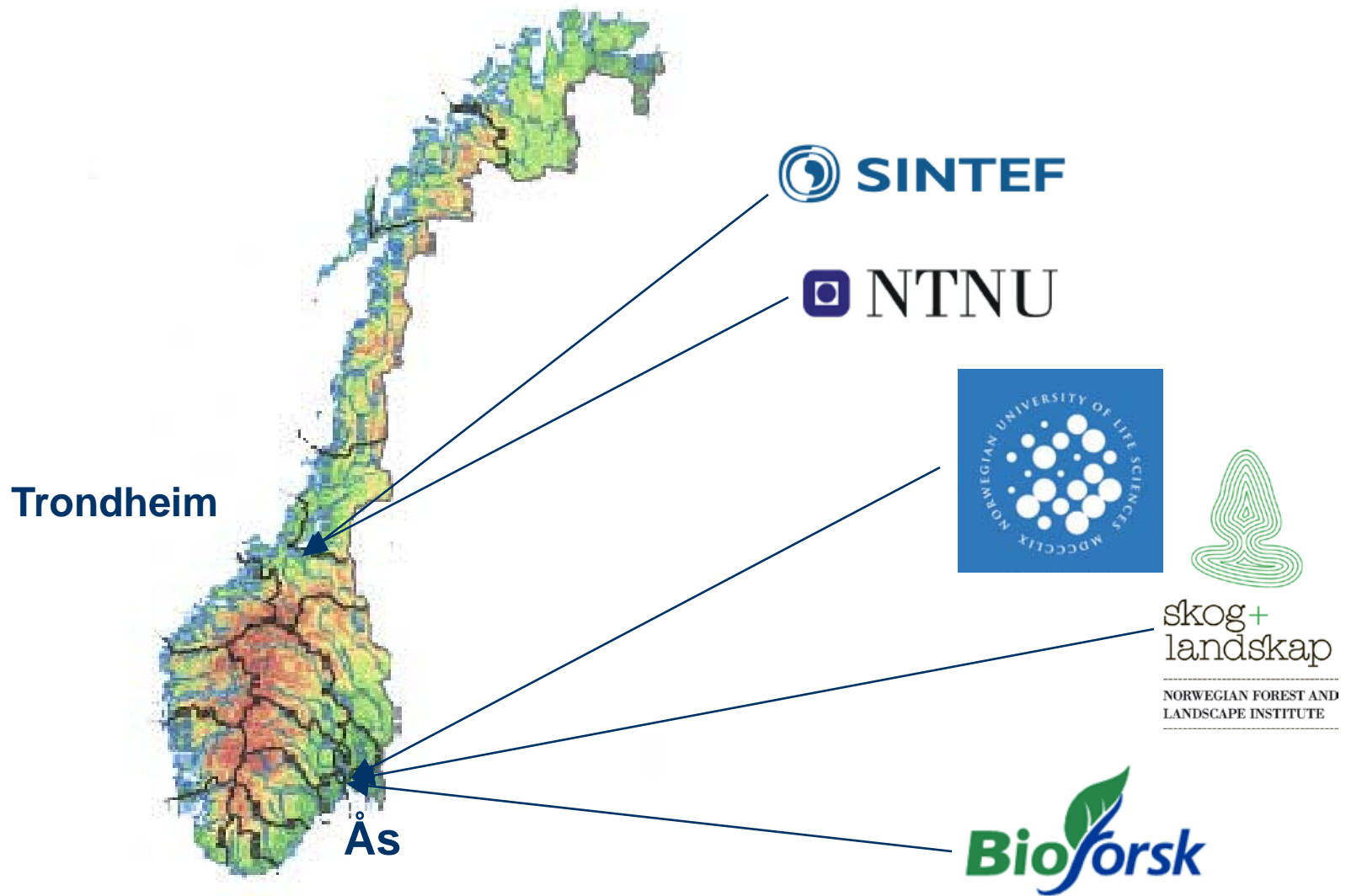


Khalil

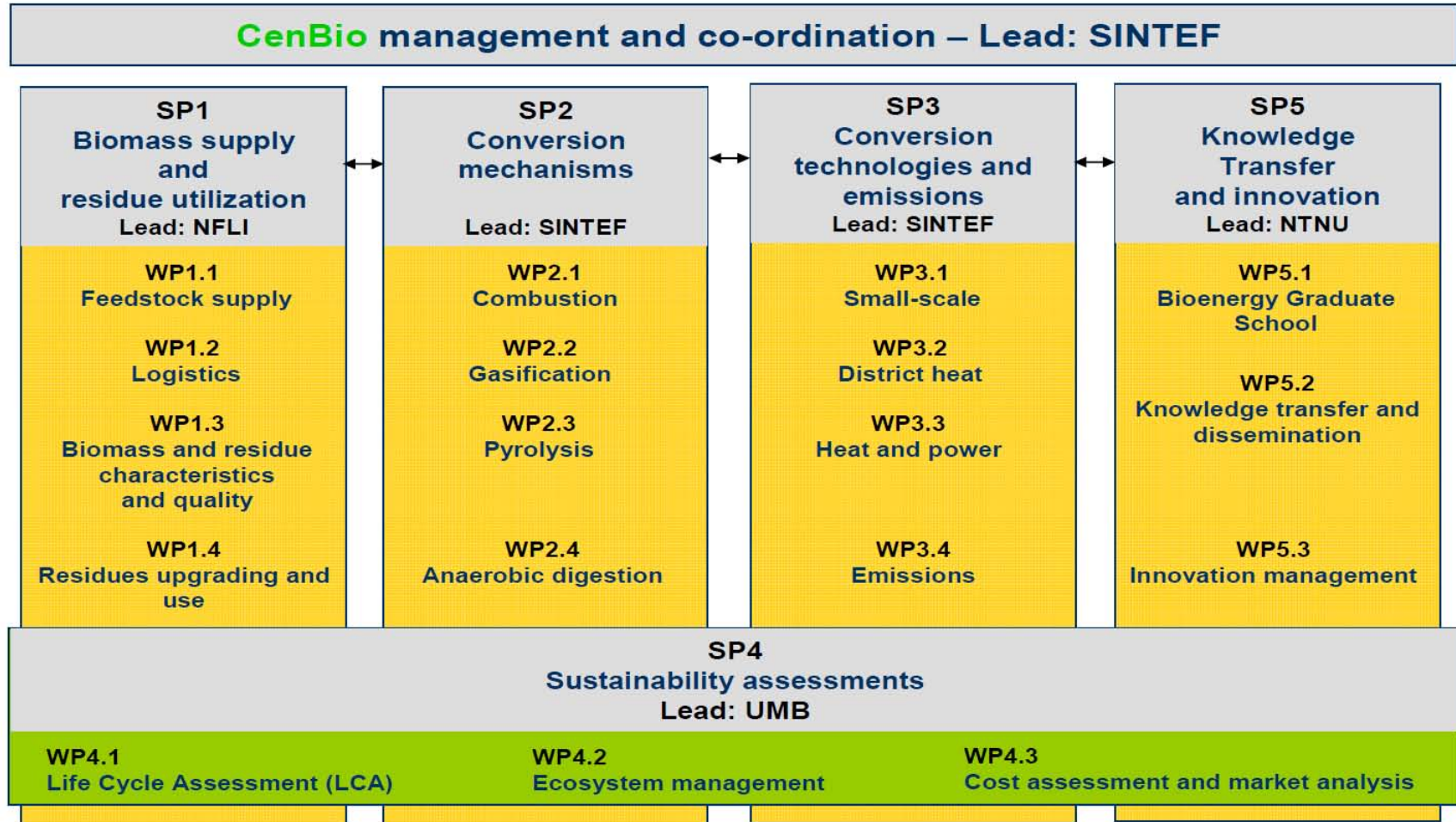
- SOx – release

Grate Furnace (biomass & waste)





CenBio Work Breakdown Structure



Organisation	Category	Expertise
UMB (Host institution)	Education / R&D	Sustainability analyses
NTNU	Education / R&D	Life Cycle Analyses. Bioenergy Graduate school
Sintef (Centre Lead)	R&D Institute	Conversion Process & Technology (Thermal)
Bioforsk	R&D Institute	Conversion process (Biogas).
NFLI	R&D Institute	Raw materials. Logistics. Residue upgrade
Vattenfall R&D	R&D Department	Corrosion. Fuel knowledge. CHP systems.
Arena Bioenergi Innlandet	Bioenergy cluster	Education, demonstration and dissemination
Norges skogeierforbund	Forestry association	Raw materials. Logistics.
Agder Energi	End user energy company	District heating. Heating plants.
Eidsiva Energi	End user energy company	District heating. Heating plants.
Hafslund	End user energy company	Upgraded bioenergy fuels. Heating plants.
Trondheim Energi/Statkraft	End user energy company	District heating. Waste-to-energy. Biopower
Norske Skog	Biomass end user	Raw materials. Logistics. Heat and power.
Xynergo	Biomass end user	Biofuels
Norsk Protein	Waste raw materials	Waste fractions
NTE Holding	Biogas. Energy company	Biogas
Norges Bondelag	Waste raw materials	Waste fractions. Raw materials.
EGE	Energy from Waste end user	Waste to energy. Biogas. Heat and power.
Avfal Energie Bedrijft (NL)	Energy from Waste end user	Waste to energy (Largest plant in Europe.)
Avfall Norge	Waste association	Waste to energy. Biogas. Residue upgrade.
Energos	Conversion technology company	Waste gasification / combustion technology
Cambi	Conversion technology company	Biogas conversion technology
Jøtul	Conversion technology company	Small scale wood combustion
BioNordic	Conversion technology company	Small scale pellet combustion
Granit Kleber	Conversion technology company	Small scale wood combustion
Vattenfall Nordic Heat (SE)	End user energy company	Large scale heat and power

Objectives

The overall objective of CenBio is to enable sustainable and cost-efficient bioenergy for stationary use in Norway.

- Objective 1 (SP1): To determine how the present volumes of biomass harvested for energy purposes may be doubled by 2020, and what implications this has for energy fraction qualities
- Objective 2 (SP2): To discover the feedstock requirements and technology implications for efficient use of new bioenergy fractions and mixtures.
- Objective 3 (SP3): To demonstrate that all the biomass conversion energy efficiencies listed in the CenBio Vision 2020 are practically and economically feasible, as well as environmentally benign.
- Objective 4 (SP4): To provide sound and solid analyses to bioenergy investors, regulating authorities and other stakeholders of the overall environmental and economic impacts of existing and proposed bioenergy value chains.
- Objective 5 (SP5): To educate and train the current and next generation of bioenergy specialists in Norway.

4. International cooperation

The research groups involved in the Centre have, individually, firmly established networks and widespread cooperation within the Bioenergy activities of the *EU research framework programs*, the *IEA* implementing agreements on Bioenergy, as well as within the *Nordic Energy Research* programmes. This cooperation will be extended and intensified through CenBio.

CenBio will also establish more formal *cooperation agreements* with the following internationally renowned bioenergy research institutions, where exchange of personnel may be expected on a frequent and regular basis:

- Stanford University, Thermosciences group (LoI included)
- US Forest Service, Forest Products Laboratory, Madison, Wisconsin, USA (LoI included)
- University of Minnesota, Initiative for Renewable Energy and the Environment, Saint Paul, Minnesota, USA (LoI included)
- METLA - The Finnish Forest Research Institute, Vantaa, Finland (LoI included)
- The Forestry Research Institute of Sweden, Uppsala, Sweden, (LoI included)
- Chalmers University of Technology, Dept. of Energy and Environment, Göteborg, Sweden (LoI included)
- Åbo Akademi University, Process Chemistry Centre, Åbo, Finland (LoI included)
- The Technical University of Denmark, Dept. of Chemical and Biochemical Engineering, Lyngby, Denmark. (LoI included)
- The University of Copenhagen, Danish Centre for Forest, Landscape and Planning, Copenhagen, Denmark (LoI included)
- Vienna University of Technology, Institute of Chemical Engineering, Vienna, Austria (LoI included)
- University TU Bergakademie Freiberg, Institute of Energy Process Engineering and Chemical Engineering, Freiberg, Germany (LoI included)